Consequences of Transgender Victimization

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Consequences of Transgender Victimization

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INTRODUCTION

- High-schoolers can be nasty people
- This will detail the social factors and psychological consequences of transgender discrimination and/or victimization
- Not much is known about the comprehensive effects of transgender discrimination on adolescents and young adults.

QUESTIONS

1. Where does the discrimination happen?
2. How does this discrimination happen?
3. Why does this matter?

QUESTION 1:

- For adolescents and young adults, primarily occurs at school
- For the older population, it occurs at places like work, the doctor's office, family gatherings, etc.

QUESTION 2:

- Reviewed 13 empirical and recent studies dealing with transgender victimization
- Details the arc narrative of where bullying begins and what the result of it is
- Transgender youth and young adults are at higher risk for being bullied which puts them into a statistically more likely category to experience physical harm, sexual harm, and long lasting mental health problems

ABSTRACT

- Reviewed 13 empirical and recent studies dealing with transgender victimization
- Details the arc narrative of where bullying begins and what the result of it is
- Transgender youth and young adults are at higher risk for being bullied which puts them into a statistically more likely category to experience physical harm, sexual harm, and long lasting mental health problems

QUESTION 3:

- Discrimination based on gender is an epidemic amongst adolescents and young adults
- By discriminating, we lower life satisfaction, physical well-being, and overall mental health of the victims

CONCLUSIONS

- Transgendered people experience victimization and bullying at a higher rate than their cisgendered peers
- This bullying occurs predominantly in school, family, and work settings. The psychological harm that victimization can wreak is staggering compared to cisgendered results
- The higher prevalence of victimization amongst transgender youth is strongly correlated with the higher rates of mental health “problems” such as depression, anxiety, suicidal ideation, and suicide attempts
- More research should be done specifically on transgendered youth instead of lumping them with LGBT. Also could account for socioeconomic standing as well as location

*Violence can take many forms. The graph on the left References four kinds: Verbal, Physical, Material, and Sexual.
Verbal: name calling/insulting
Physical: hitting, slapping, shoving, etc.
Material: theft or destruction of property
Sexual: unconsensual grabbing, nudity, etc.