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Gesamtkunstwerk and Other Trifles

Derk Arie Olthof

A thesis submitted to the faculty of Brigham Young University in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Fine Arts

Lance Larsen, Chair Susan Howe Michael Hicks

Department of English

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ABSTRACT

Gesamtkunstwerk and Other Trifles

Derk Arie Olthof Department of English, BYU Master of Fine Arts

In all their various categories, the arts serve as the dominant subject matter of *Gesamtkunstwerk and Other Trifles.* The title itself begins with a German word-meld—*gesamt* total + *kunstwerk* work of art. Thus a primary aim of these poems is to bring as many elements of art together as possible and to use their various forms (self-portraits, nocturnes, odes, etc.) as metaphorical frameworks that inform abstractions such as regret ("How to Draw Regret"), psychological disorders ("Insomnia Nocturnes") and confusion in how one should feel about living realities as opposed to inanimate objects ("Dead Starling").

Most of the poems that are not related in some way to the arts (other than their inseparable relation to the art of poetry itself) deal with death or some other form of loss. Some of them humorous ("Commencement Speech"), others poignant ("In Places Where We Store Our Deaths"), these poems ironically find their place as the "other trifles" of the work. The purpose of this somewhat irreverent categorization of death and tragedy is to create ironic commentaries on the triviality of humankind's grand designs and accomplishments and to show the many similarities shared by comedy and tragedy alike, a project Tony Hoagland took up in his first book of poems, *Sweet Ruin*.

My aim in writing these poems is to better understand how various art forms relate to each other and how aligning those arts in poetry allows the various genres to be "in conversation" one with another. I hope that readers will come away with a better understanding of how art forms are interconnected, but at the same time, I always aim to construct my poems in such a way that multiple readings can occur.

Keywords: music, art, gesamtkunstwerk, self-portraits, odes, poetry, comedy, tragedy, loss, irony, metaphor, Tony Hoagland, Sweet Ruin, conversation.

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Critical Introduction: Basics and Binaries Learned Along the Way

In the opening lines of "The Art of Fiction," Henry James claims that a novel's "only obligation...is that it be interesting" (13). When I first began writing poetry, I wanted to do exactly that—catch the reader's attention. The best way to do this, I thought, was to write humorous poems containing concrete imagery. For guidance in my pursuit of humor, I looked to well-known contemporary poets such as Bob Hicok, Tony Hoagland, and Billy Collins because they all write in a fairly straightforward and, at times, hilarious style. "We are still / drinking at 40 for the same reasons as 21" reflects Hicok, "only our shirts are better, our hands / are less inclined to destroy the elegant / shrubbery" (37). Although I wouldn't place the poetry I wrote then or now in the same category—in quality or style—as that of Hicok's or the other poets mentioned, I often wrote to be humorous and tried to throw in an ironic twist at the end. "Return of the Turtleneck" was one of the first poems I wrote that approached my goals to be humorous and ironic:

Sitting across from my wife this disenchanted evening at our enormous white oak dinner table...I realize I can't remember the last time she gave me a come-hither eye-lashing....So I try to spice things up a bit, "What's the new black?" I ask. And with an exquisite cube of albino Jello she calls it tofu—poised on her fork like an abstract modern sculpture, she says, "Right now black is the new black." So I laugh...and say, "Yeah, and I heard turtleneck sweaters are coming back in style." With that, her face goes ashen....And I can tell

by the impossible-dream look in her lost-at-sea eyes

that she's still planning the divorce.

Not a masterpiece by any means, but measured by the rubric of my early poetic expectations, "Return of the Turtleneck" was a successful poem. I used concrete, somewhat humorous imagery (the description of tofu and the husband's failed attempts to make his wife laugh), and it ends somewhat surprisingly. Another strength of "Return of the Turtleneck" and my other early poems was the clear sense of setting the characters involved—a dining room and awkward dinner conversation between a husband and wife. There is absolutely no "furniture moving" which helps keep the situation clear. I mention these simple aspects of the poem because my sense of setting and character was sometimes lost in my more recent poems, which I'll touch on later in the essay.

"Return of the Turtleneck" is also an example of my ongoing fascination with combining humor and tragedy or in using irony to offset and make light of the more serious subjects such as divorce or death. Tony Hoagland frequently plays with comedy and tragedy, and the inversion thereof; my favorite example is "Phone Call" from his book *What Narcissism Means to Me*:

> Maybe I overdid it when I called my father an enemy of humanity. That might have been a little strongly put, a slight overexaggeration, an immoderate description of the person who at that moment, two thousand miles away, holding the telephone receiver six inches from his ear, must have regretted paying for my therapy. (40)

Although this situation has the potential of being too sentimental, too sad without actually evoking feelings of sadness in the reader, Hoagland's humorous way of pointing out the exaggerated

hyperbole of his accusations lightens the seriousness of the subject. But then, after describing his desire to let go of his anger directed at his father, Hoagland transitions from humor to heartbreaking imagery and metaphor:

...I have to remember the second father, the one whose TV dinner is getting cold while he holds the phone in his left hand and stares blankly out the window where just now the sun is going down and the last fingertips of sunlight are withdrawing from the hills they once touched like a child. (40-41)

Although Hoagland's "Phone Call" plumbs the depths of human feeling, my own efforts to write sad yet humorous poetry were one-dimensional —playful but rarely meaningful, full of puns but devoid of a payoff. I wondered, after receiving feedback from readers, what the takeaway was. Realizing my poems lacked depth and meaningful dimension, I focused on reimagining my use of language. I searched for surprising phrases and tried to match words in ways that created unique resonances. Many of these exercises failed, but towards the end of that first graduate poetry workshop, I started experimenting with language by writing simple words like "bottle" and then in free association exercises I meditated on the words to create artistic definitions for them, an exercise similar to Gertrude Stein's meditations in *Tender Buttons*, but without the avant-garde use of repetition, sound, or syntactical experiments. As those short exercises turned into a simple list of words, I tied them together with compelling definitions to create "The Golden Dictionary, 5th Ed. with Forward by Jean-Paul Sartre" (47):

Bottle

Not a question of empty or full but rather the way it holds or pours the contents

Clock

The bottle tipping round the wall until empty...

Hand

- (1) The extremity from which bodies are hung on crosses
- (2) (See Bottle)

Due to the experimental nature of the poem, which melds the genre of lexicons with that of poetry, it wasn't necessary for me to create a clear setting or characters. Come to think of it, they were actually already there, built into the form: the idea of a dictionary provides the setting, and the definitions become the characters that interact and communicate with each other. But as the saying goes, what works in one situation might not work in another.

Soon after writing "The Golden Dictionary," I began experimenting with line. Most of my early poems were placed on the page in a blocky chunk of text in imitation of Bob Hicok (Billy Collins and Tony Hoagland have also written block poems). When I started to experiment with line, Susan Howe recommended that I read Charles Wright and loaned me some of his books. I looked through many of these poems, sometimes only to see the layout on the page, and gleaned new ideas on how to break up lines. "In Places Where We Store Our Deaths" was my first real attempt at radical formatting. Here is an early draft of the poem (I'll show part of the revised version later on to make a different point):

Through the attic window the city lights

seem stagnant as stars

but less inviting than

their challenge to build we call them staircases. suicides though

To reach their upward expectations

reaching for heights

grasping for ropes

dry as creation

dusty as floorboards...

Though "In Places Where We Store Our Deaths" was not a throw-away poem, it lacked clarity of subject and narrative. I established an attic setting, but everything else about the poem remains a mystery. The word "suicide" suggests a somber tone, but its overuse, as Lance Larsen put it, prevents it from carrying meaningful emotional weight. In my revisions of the poem, I added concrete images and pushed the limits of line to increase the poem's potential touching. This is part of the first half of a later, revised version of the same poem:

| Pried up the attic- and a | -floorbo brown | ards and found | (this poem) |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | box | | |
| | on coarse pink | | |
| | of insulation- | | |
| L | | -as though the house | |
| | | had cracked open | its chest |
| | | to show heart-flesh packed | 1 |
| | | between two-by-fo | our ribs |
| | | | |
| Reached down- | -and felt | | |
| | npty | | |
| | side | | |
| fiberglass sli | | | |
| red welts on | my wrists | and hands as though | |
| | | you had cursed the | e spot |
| | | where you dug secrets | |
| | | into a dusty wound | l. (51) |

Instead of using vague words that have heavy meaning in their literal sense but little emotional punch because due to overuse, I gave specific details about the items found (and not found) in the attic floor hole.

Although my focus on language and line breaks improved the aesthetic quality of my poems, my focus on these things sometimes caused me to neglect setting entirely. If the reader had asked me where these poems were taking place, I couldn't have said because I didn't know. I began to realize that memorable poetry is more than a mere constellation of twinkling words placed arbitrarily on the page; it's also locating the language in a concrete setting—a night-black sky perhaps. A specific example of an early draft of a poem without a place was "Memento Mori":

> Skin stretched taut, stretched taut over a work wrought of skull and razor bones. Wrapped right, wound tight to catch the light and play of skinscape shadows. Just so. When it's ah! just so with the skin and bone. When it's ah just so, we call it Call it beautiful.

In "Memento Mori" I was able to couple fascinating words like "skinscape shadows" and "razor bones," but I still couldn't determine where the poem took place. Professor Larsen suggested that I give the poem a setting. "Perhaps the speaker is looking in the mirror or observing someone and thinks about death," he said. Once I decided to create a setting where the speaker of the poem was observing someone else, the rest of the poem seemed to fall into place because I had setting and characters to anchor the descriptions. Here are a few stanzas from the final version of the same poem:

> On a park bench conspiring, two girls whisper over scuffed rollerblades and skinned

> > knees.

The same skin that stretches taut over those frail works wrought of skull and razor boned

faces. (56)

By giving the poem a setting and characters, the cutting diction and slicing effect of the truncated line breaks ties back to the object of the description (the two girls on a park bench). This connects all the elements of the poem together into a theme related to the title, which suggests the idea of having the skin fall off one's face after death.

So far, I have traced the evolution of my poetry in language, setting, and character. The next half of this critical analysis will focus on how I hope to evolve as a poet.

Something I already touched on, in mentioning humor and tragedy, is the idea of binaries. Much of my growth as a writer has come by analyzing the divided approaches to writing poetry: e.g. poems framed with formal meters and rhyme versus unrhymed free verse. While it is possible to pursue both, most poets lean towards one method over the other. One poet might have a formal tone, with elevated diction and themes. Another might tend towards informal language and the quotidian. I'm drawn to poems that work both registers because the contrast in tone and diction can create fascinating harmonic overtones. Analyzing "Today We Have Naming of Parts" by Henry Reed, Shira Wolosky says, "the art and strength of this poem, through which the contrast between the worlds of the army and the garden is dramatically felt, is centered in its diction" (9). The following two stanzas from the poem serve as an excellent illustration:

> Today we have naming of parts. Yesterday, We had daily cleaning. And tomorrow morning, We shall have what to do after firing. But today, Today we have naming of parts. Japonica Glistens like coral in all of the neighbouring gardens, And today we have naming of parts. This is the lower sling swivel. And this Is the upper sling swivel, whose use you will see,

When you are given your slings. And this is the piling swivel,Which in your case you have not got. The branchesHold in the gardens, their silent, eloquent gestures,Which in our case we have not got. (qtd. in Wolosky 9-10)

I want to use the tensions of opposing diction and tone registers to do similar work in my poetry. The contrasts in diction create their own commentary; they do the work of explaining something that would seem trivial in a straightforward statement: military training is bleak and monotonous when compared with the beauty of nature. It reminds me of a scene when the main character of the film *All Quiet on the Western Front*, a German soldier, is in class learning about war and why he should enlist while he looks out the window and sees a bird perched elegantly on a thin tree branch—transcendent beauty versus an efficient, mechanical activity that is ultimately intended to kill the enemy.

In addition to matching diction to the idea, as Reed does in using repetitious technical language to describe the taking apart of a gun and beautiful lush language to describe nature, I also want to improve my ability to match sound with sense by using assonance and soft consonants to describe something calm or beautiful and harder consonants to match a violent or jarring image. Gerard Manley Hopkins mastered the use of aural coupling to contrast the wear and tear of man's work on nature and the regenerative vitality of God's creation:

> Crushed. Why do men then now not reck his rod? Generations have trod, have trod, have trod; And all is seared with trade; bleared, smeared with toil; And wears mans' smudge and shares man's smell: the soil

Notice the prevalence of hard consonants such as the hard c's and t's, and the sharp sounding internal rhymes of "seared," "bleared," and "smeared." The next stanza marks a change in sound:

And for all this, nature is never spent; There lives the dearest freshness deep down things; And though the last lights off the black West went Oh, morning, at the brown brink eastward, springs— Because the Holy Ghost over the bent

World broods with warm breast and with ah! bright wings. (1166)

Compared with its preceding stanza, these lines are full of cottony w's and h's. And the softer b and d consonants. Not only does Hopkins use specific letters to match the idea of the poem, he also uses sprung rhythm to speed up the lines of the second stanza so that they move with the lush swoosh of soft wind, as opposed to the lumbering clop stomp of destructive treading found in the first stanza. This matching of ideas to the meters, sounds, and tones of a poem is its own form of rhyming—matching sounds with sense. Ideally, I would like to achieve this in my own poetry.

Not only do I want to match sound with meaning, I also want to use sounds and meters that oppose the idea they describe—mismatching sound to sense—to create an entirely different kind of commentary that would be applicable to contemporary readers. For instance, writing a poem that describes something violent and destructive with mellifluous language, or, on the other hand, using harsh, fragmented language to describe something people generally consider beautiful—nature, romantic love, children, or friendship. "Memento Mori" serves as my best current example of a poem that attempts this. Two young girls talking "on a park bench" but described with cutting language and imagery that creates dissonance because it does not match what is being described youth and friendship. My aim in describing beautiful things with violent sounds and horrible things beautifully is to expose that aspect of human nature (as is evidenced specifically in modern moviemaking) which glorifies violence and portrays the grotesque as something beautiful.

Another dichotomous approach to poetry is the differences between Beat and New York School poets who were "content to let the poem just happen" and the Language poets who "wanted to know why and how it happened, and what the social and political implications would be" (Swensen xxiii). The New York School poet in me does not want to create a poem that is tangled in such implication because it might lose the appearance of spontaneity and fail to meet Frost's standard of surprising oneself in order to surprise the reader. To this point, I haven't thoroughly studied the process which Language poets follow, but what little I do know makes me want to more fully explore the "social and political implications" of language without writing a preconceived poem with a preconceived outcome. Perhaps I'll just have to wait until my subconscious brings the two poetic impulses together. Either that or I will need to use poetic rhetoric to create the illusion that my preconceived poem idea came to me as a surprise.

One of the most surprising aspects of language occurs in the use of metaphor. My fascination with metaphor began once I realized all language is metaphoric. The word "blue" is a metaphor for the wavelength of light most eyes see when viewing an unpolluted day-sky or body of water, but there are metaphors that go beyond the pure metaphorical nature of language by using language to further depart from itself in an attempt to come closer to the actual object, idea, or sensation the language attempts to describe.

A chapter from Tony Hoagland's *Real Sofistikashun* analyzes the opposing approaches to metaphor of William Matthews and Larry Levis. According to Hoagland, Matthews' metaphors evolved from surrealistic images to metaphors subordinated by narrative and the subtle nuances of diction. His later poems suggest that he wanted to make more social commentary, which meant he could not use wild outlandish metaphors because they would dominate the poems. In poems like "Cancer Talk," Matthews uses a functional metaphor to comment on the widespread epidemic, "thanks to the MRI / we see its vile flag luffing from your spine" (253). Levis, on the other hand,

had a poetic purpose and inclination that greatly differed from Williams's. Hoagland claims that a Levis metaphor is often compelling enough to stand on its own, as with the metaphors Levis strings together in "In Captivity":

> The lovers undress, they are The white of calendars without days, The white of trout multiplying, And blank dice, thrown once,

And then never again. (qtd. in Hoagland 76)

As this example shows, unlike a functional Matthews metaphor, a Levis metaphor is intoxicating, disorienting, fantastical, romantic. Matthews uses what Hoagland calls "metaphors of equivalency" common to most classical poets, whereas Levis's metaphors create "images of inquiry." They poke a metaphorical finger into the mystery box of life—perhaps coming out (the finger) stung by some strange creeping thing (Hoagland 69-80).

Considering my own poetic inclinations, I see myself gravitating towards the metaphors of Levis, but deciding whether to settle strictly on Levisesque or Matthews-like metaphors for my own writing is unsettling. Although I prefer the surreal imagistic metaphors of Levis, I also appreciate the clarity and unassuming style of Matthews. Fortunately, the current conditions of poetry writing allow writers more flexibility in using opposing forms without having to conform to one school of thought over another. On one hand, there is a certain register of the imaginative, the transcendent, that Matthews's poetry (in my opinion) does not attain, and the metaphors of Levis, on the other hand, have an otherworldly mystical quality that is sometimes difficult to comprehend. Being able to choose either approach opens a wider range of possibilities.

With a Levis approach, I can explore my interest in metaphor almost purely for the sake of metaphor. For instance, I have tried to personify metaphors in a number of my poems, such as

"Studio 64," (42) where I describe the characters in the poem as "dancing metaphors," as well as in "Self Portrait w/ White Space & Broken Teeth" (37-38) where metaphors become orphans in the poem. I am also interested in deconstructing metaphor by reversing the conventional form of giving one signifier and then modifying it with another signifier that shows a relation. Instead, I would like to describe things and ask outright or imply that the thing or event described is or could be a metaphor for something else. "Self Portrait with Barbed Wire and Melting Snow" (32) is an attempt at this reversal with its description of "water reflecting mountains in its mirror [with a barbwire fence cutting] into his reflection" being the metaphor for something but the character in the poem wonders what "these things are a symbol of." The referent isn't given in the poem which requires the reader to make his or her own connections. And while I am not typically fond of the postmodernist dictum that readers should share an equal portion of meaning making with the author of a text, in some cases (such as the example just mentioned) I think it can be a rewarding tool.

To conclude, I return to James's quote about the novel because although being *interesting* is important, it isn't sufficient for what I want to accomplish in poetry. Perhaps it works for novels, but I think poems need something more. As I learned from my graduate experience, if a poem has interesting language or ideas but fails to bring those things together in a meaningful way, then it leaves the reader without a context, a setting, and it's unlikely he or she will ever think of it again. Ideally, the fusing of meaning and beautiful language should evoke some sort of feeling, not one of frustration at being lured into the esoteric pink balloon of the poet's mind, empty of purpose. Though bouncing off the rubber walls of such a mind might make for an interesting—perhaps even meaningful—future poem.

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Gesamtksunstwerk and other Trifles

POEMS

DERK OLTHOF

Commencement Speech

After Kenneth Koch

On this momentous occasion, you stand at the threshold of excellence or failure, which depends mostly (according to recent studies) on your height. This is why for some people, *look up to* will always be a damning

social idiom. No matter. Throw out the statistics. You control your destiny or as Freud would say, bowels, and therefore must honor the past without forgetting to remember the future. In French they call this *déjà vu*, which Samuel Beckett translated as: *Hmmm*...

That's odd. And it was. When abroad, take copious mental notes of any anomalous dietary reactions you may encounter. In most cases, vomiting blood is considered anomalous (unless you are a vulture). Once beyond the walls of the university's

care, you become a student majoring in life; I therefore suggest adding a minor in death and/or Spanish, depending on the region. Avoid double-majoring as this will add unnecessary ink-weight to your diploma, perhaps causing the nail holding it up

to bend, cracking the expensive frame of your credibility. Another well-kept secret: It seldom hurts to care about people unless, of course, they do stupid things (which they will), but caring in and of itself is like an unloaded gun,

relatively benign. So remember, the fashion of the day is raw meat slung casually over shoulder. See how it sways in the brisk walk from the butchery? A trail of red the carpets we leave behind; it weaves a dry brown scab on the sunbaked sidewalk. Now,

as you go out into this world (or merely for a night on the town) eschew safari clothing, unless you live in Tanzania, as this will be a source of unnecessary weight and your friends will likely find your khakis and mosquito nets

unfashionable, however practical they may be in preventing malaria. Low mileage is a good principle to live by when buying cars (or replacement hips). Avoid, however, saving money on lower grade fuels. *The New York Times* Best Sellers list falls

somewhere between low and medium octanes. If and when you decide to seek a soul mate, employment, a place of residence, or (as the French say) your *raison d'être*, never forget that the *American Dream* (unlike sasquatch) most likely exists and can be found

in applications, interviews, a mortgage with low APR, playful banter, and a certain level of introspection (not to mention the destruction of someone else's American Dream because the economy can only support so many Americans, so many dreams,

and so many compound versions of the two). When you find this out (and in every walk of life) relish the use of the passive voice and euphemisms. Say, for instance, that "Actions were taken" regarding cutbacks. In choosing the cause for divorce, check *Irreconcilable*

Differences since ours is the Age of Binaries and Specialization. Never call someone *special*, however, as this is synonymous with Down's syndrome. Today ends the student loan grace period. Tomorrow is the first day of a long line of bad credit. But as you step

into the fray, consider that others have considered what you are now considering. But more than likely didn't have the courage or apathy necessary to actually jump or pull the trigger; remain a coward in that regard. Way out there in the jungle

you will learn that amber memories conceal the gray tassels you are about to throw and later suspend from your rearview mirrors and that the pink-gray lobes of your brain bury secrets in childhood sandboxes. Wondering which direction to take in life? Just remember

that moving self-wards can only get you to that spot where a person can see his own nose. Try a different path. Moving other-wards is moving joy-wards. But wherever you go, watch out for tripping hazards in the sidewalk, especially when moving backwards.

Tripping is unfavorable for the elderly, which you will be sooner than you hope. Which leads to my final remarks. On behalf of our fathers before us, please tip your caps. Bid them adieu. Be kind, moreover, and practice proper hygiene and virtue because one day—and soon—

we all shall shake the severed hand of Death.

O N E

Odes on Music Intervals

Perfect Unison

The circle in a circle of pitch—full zero orbiting moon complete with eclipse. Meanwhile, in the ballroom with glittering backdrop, Orion stands in his tux—pearl pool cufflinks glisten—and assumes a dance position without a partner.

Ascending Minor Second

Call it a half tone, semitone or minor second—same poison.

Nerve-hair on twitching octet legs: the dark anticipation of a trapdoor spider waiting in its lair.

Harmonic Major Second

A certain closeness that nests inside itself.

The way a sky presses its paint-stained palm to the palm of a lake to stain color it the color same.

Descending Minor Third

Why do children fill their pockets with posies? When ashes burn what do ashes leave behind? Is there ever anyone left standing

after this game?

Descending Major Third

Taught as the falling sound of a doorbell that no one answers because (as Beethoven knows) no one is there.

Ascending Perfect Fourth

Ever tainted bridal bed.

Augmented Fourth

A nightbound train. The cargo—bleeding guns of laughter Shipped to shoot out the eyes Of the last living nightingale.

Ascending Perfect Fifth

When the light went out did I disappear? I wonder, I wonder, I wonder am I even close enough for you to see me?

Descending Minor Sixth

There was a time in my life when I was so sad that after I passed a hitchhiker in Montréal who looked dangerous I thought, *Maybe he'll kill me*, and turned the car around.

Ascending Major Sixth

Green hills beyond green ocean cliffs falling whitely down to the foam.

I have measured my life with worms that will measure my corpse.

Ascending Minor Seventh

That we may someday dwell with thee somewhere in peace.

Ascending Major Seventh

Sealed alive in a stone tomb.

Perfect Octave

Reaching the fairest sphere by climbing the nearest hill. Impossible. We all have a dream haloing us.

When Gi-Gi Met Billy Corgan

He set down his Fender Stratumbilicalled to stacked amps charged with doom and distortion—and stretched out his right hand, and Gi-Gi saw the strawberry birth-bruises dappling the other with long armor-tipped fingers and climbing his thin wrist webbed with well-toned tendons (the hydraulics of guitar mechanics) but pretended not to notice. Though she interrupted his riffs, Billy just rubbed his bald head (perhaps remembering when he still had hair) with his bruised hand and smiled to reveal acute incisors that had stripped so many words of their skin. When at last he spoke, Gi-Gi (knowing nothing of his music or the Infinite Sadness that comes to those who still believe people can imitate those birds who share air currents until one topples into an Impressionistic ocean) thought that his nasal voice sounded like a dying crow in agony over its bullet-crushed wings frail as a butterfly's, and that his words limped and left a trail of blood-tinged feathers in so many shades of black. Even though she had never met him, she felt as though they had shared in something unspoken the way Siamese twins share dreams.

Insomnia Nocturnes

Ι

And now Apollo's cruel torch has welded the iron sky shut on itself so that only a glowing red remains hot as the metal shores of Troy where starlit surf cools from scarlet to the gray of ash waves pulling the pierced armor back to be swallowed in the widening throat of the sea. Π

Meanwhile-millennia away-the workman dreams of conducting, but night thoughts make short time for sleep and the score we set to our lives is rarely award winning, often accompanied by the trailing vacuum harmonies perceived through starless ceilings (another man's floor) with strange glissandos that whir forth and buzz back devouring carpet as the workman's moments of waiting minutes stand in his moonlit yard with smooth rake in hand, lush leaves curl around his feet, a swirling wedding gown lushness with the swelling hollow chests of dead trees fashioned like female bodies with high tension strings attached to the mornings, attached to the occasional sunsets in their silence and the light-wakened glass muted birds yawning out trills caught in rice paper nets as leaves get tangled in the workman's metal rake teeth as he watches people pass to take their morning walks, he records sounds so unlike the early joggers metering their progress towards nowhere by the sound of rubber shoe molecules being eaten by concrete sidewalk molecules as his ear canals, those lonely concert halls no one can get tickets to except the full house of a wax figure museum, remain empty like his night lying awake moments with clocks that say here is another second and there is another reason to leave the windows open and let in perhaps

24

Ш

God of verse. God of music-

Through a closed bedroom window I heard the tide of highways,

passing cars with the same rush and swell of life cycles, of cliff-faced longing,

of war dirges and free-falling paeans. I doubt anyone with this curse could possibly believe you

are also a god of love.

IV

though *perhaps* has its own uncertainties and its own bay windows that let in the ocean of freeway waves like soft mallets crashing the feathered cymbal shores of a bed or pillow while deep blue air spreads its night wide wings to carry the augmented fourths of an occasional passing train's ebb of breathing out the breathing of one who can't breathe in sleep in spite of all the rare triumphs of French horns that repeat the dial tone fermata signaling yet another waiting, like the minutes lost in the green undergrowth of quilts and the ringing shrill tones of arthritic box springs while he waits sitting at a sinking soft edge for the drowsing cue not freely given by the clocks who we can assume suffered from polio, like he did, because one arm is smaller than the other making labor true labor and the dream of conducting a perpetual imaginary, so the workman thinks, as the cacophony of getting it right ends and he stands bedside and reaches with his good hand under the lampshade pinching the small beaded chain and pulling down with his fingers like a conductor closing the final movement of the nocturne before pausing to announce the fanfare and brassy flourishing forth of another sleepless dawn.

V

Morning returns. Misplaced limbs roll in and out of rhythm with the sea,

some continue clutching a shield or a short brass sword,

cold bones sink

to ocean floors-some of us won't be coming home to sleep

tonight-or ever,

the score is never settled until night collects her due.

Chopin on Waiting to Die in Majorca

This is what I tried to say

(without saying) that repetition thrums like raindrops on hollow church ceilings or empty concert

halls where my pale fingers walked soft as cathedral sages

across program pages stuck together like wet autumn leaves.

I tried to say that my inevitable was sad the way unresolved chords are sad.

> Not the way left-hand arpeggios without right-hand melodies are sad.

Not the way saying without saying

that repeating the same note

over again is the only way

to say incurable.

Not the way playing one-two-three and more in D-flat major, fingers stumbling over fingers while writing my own

requiem is sad.

Saying that mine was sad the way a sound wave pretending to be a raindrop

is sad.

ΤWΟ

How to Draw Regret

| Space the eyes an eye width apart and pale | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| as a nebulous dream. | Say, "These cannot blue" | | | |
| as you conjure a cloud. | Say, "This cannot slight" | | | |
| as you dip fingers in pai | | | | |
| | Say, "These cannot—" and le | ave | | |
| it at that. | say, These cannot and le | ave | | |
| Then start over | | | | |
| | but backwards this time, | | | |
| as if in a studio where sadness | | | | |
| | except in mirrors. | | | |
| iere to enpuid | Then a | again. | | |
| if it's true regret | you wish to depict, | , | | |
| 0 | all symbols and circles | | | |
| | imply the eternal | | | |
| | Learn to row without oars, wl | hich | | |
| make circles in the | | | | |
| and ripples in the | water. Ignore the possibility | | | |
| 11 | | that these things | | |
| may hav | ve little to do | C | | |
| - | with regret. | Then | | |
| let the p | paint or pencil breathe for a w | hile, but not so long | | |
| that it dries out or becomes cor | nfortable | | | |
| with what it is, | because then it's too late | | | |
| to find o | out | | | |
| what it really wanted | d to be. | | | |
| | If it answers | Landscape | | |
| reply with a portrait. | If it says | Soft brushstrokes | | |
| crush it with charcoal | If it pleads | Rainbow | | |
| answer with an assortment | of colorless | always | | |
| and with lashes penciled with ashes | | | | |
| from charred paper | | | | |
| 1 1 | e the clarity of eyes until they | bleed | | |
| 8 | | ub the canvas with your thumb | | |
| until the soft-boned che | | an absence | | |
| | of taut. Now | | | |
| only one lesson remains. | | Look here | | |
| at its cri | sp and chiseled | separation | | |
| from gravity: | the eyelash | | | |
| on my fingertip— | | | | |
| (| open | parenthesis | | |
| | | | | |

to the never coming of what could.

Self Portrait with Barbed Wire and Melting Snow

Rusty prongs dig deep to the heartwood of Osage orange fence posts. Strangled with long strands of Rose Kinked wire-like loss they line up following the curve of a distant hill, disappearing beyond the horizon. I don't know why I got out of the car in these shoes, knowing the snow runoff has pocked the potholed mud road with patches of dirty tea puddles, knowing I don't have another pair of dry socks, also knowing the road in spite of scientific proof-is far from shortened by our measuring of it. The fence quietly insists I remain parallel to its three-foot straight shot understanding of destiny. Tall brown grass in tufts, white crystallized snow in scabs on the mud skin of soggy plains. I comply, following the trail of wires-three strands evenly spaced from post to post until the runoff accumulates in a pond that wasn't there when the ranchers went a-fencing who knows how many summers ago to prove their own theories, to learn the painful onomatopoeia of overtaxed wires that begin with a hard C snap and end slipping through bare hands and whipping the air while hissing crucifixion. But they aren't here anymore, the ranchers or their bloody hands. Only post and wire-half submerged, the top line exposed at the deepest point and the other two strands slice straight into the glass water reflecting mountains in its mirror while the man standing over the sky-plain water notices they also cut into his reflection, deeper than any clear pool, and wonders why he didn't bring a better pair of shoes, and what these things are a symbol of.

Sabbatical

To Rome for better air. To breathe revised images and walk collar-up into ghost gusts.

I long for the day when I can say something I actually long to say. And then there's the fear

of never equaling the masterpiece I spat out early on. So I'm off to Italy, to see paint peeling

from frescos. To hear them say, Isn't it lovely to watch your face fall like flakes of paint to the floor? Now listen

to entropy's sigh, they say, our flesh swept up by the bronze city breeze—your failed attempts at something greater than this.

Self Portrait with Pre-recorded Train Announcements

so goes it with ceaseless advertisements of pink and green color schemes

next station murray north forty-four hundred south

and my hair is falling out

a woman almost smiles at me—a man two seats away has a fanny pack so near a word to *funny*

next station murray central fifty-two hundred south

—with a sucker in her mouth

green and pink were created for the daisy maids poster on the wall with asterisks to list their services

bicyclists must follow rules posted above entrances in the train

in an almost empty train she twists white paper stick of sucker with lip pink bubblegum on the in

next station fashion place west sixty-four hundred south

sour green apple on the out

on the second day daisy maids set their asterisks in the plastic firmament of creation

> *deep *move-in/move-out *and more!

somewhere the list mentioned cleaning

proof of payment is required before boarding please buy your ticket before getting on the train

daisy maids say their services include free phone quotes a sultry cartoon figure, she has a feather duster

next station midvale center seventy-seven hundred south

and my hair is falling out

the beeping sounds like timers that go off in fast-food kitchens the beeping warns us of closing doors

next station nine thousand south please check for personal belongings before exiting the train

and an apron full of rain

lithe limbs and black ponytail flipped to the right, I check for my poppy seed muffins and two eight-pound weights

next station sandy expo ninety-four hundred south

an undrawn tongue in her mouth

her arms exposed sensual akimbo head tilting to the side as if about to smile

next station sandy civic center ten thousand south

through beeping doors the woman walks out

by adjusting the part no one can tell about my hair, but the double reflection of the Plexiglass window makes it hard

ten thousand south as far as we go the end of the line

to know which hand is mine

Van Gogh's Starry Night

Not long after what with my ear (you know the story) I sat alone in a pool of lunacymoonlight on an asylum floor breathing, and everything else was also breathing in rhythm as I looked through a crescent window as the stars smeared in the sky like paint drops stamped into a stone floor. I saw the scythe moon swiftly curving and the cypress ascending its jagged spire pointing to some strange heaven beyond the darkness. Below a church foreshadowed by the silhouette of a tortuous cathedral. I wanted to please God. And my brother who believed in me. He said I had the artist's hand. But who can satisfy anyone with paint? How can I describe light's looming any larger than it is? I can only paint what I see-these spheres that drip and magnify their swirls in unscabbing golden blotches that ripple like a lake with stones dropped into its darkness. I walk through the nightwashed field to enter the cathedral. There I kneel, asking God what will happen to my ear. Asking him to take back the one thing he gave that took everything else away.

Self Portraits w/ White Space & Broken Teeth

Ι

And still we stand in the art gallery & wonder if tipping back on our heels, bending slightly at the waist (at the waste) makes us (parenthetical)) between (to the tangentials () our () wanderings. Π Lostwe wonder where did the dental specter find them? And how much did those bric-à-brac to texture the tic tacs cost tabula with rasa glued -on garbage & broken glass?

III

Reflecting no meaning, the gray granite tiles return blurred faces to our eyes

as we haunt the halls like verbs passing through polished sentences. Pausing to colon-eye various colors of punctuation (!.;;,?) Admiring the adjectives, secretly wishing they were adverbs.

IV

```
For you of course—
says the outstretched bouquet.
```

| But they aren't. | Never were. | Never will. |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|
|------------------|-------------|-------------|

And still the studio lights shine down

V

| 1 | on our question | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| marks: | And we wonder | where the artist found | | |
| our baby | | | | |
| teeth | | | | |
| | to | clumptogetherwiththebroken brokenbottleconstellationsof | | |
| | | our re-membering. | | |
| There is no answer. | | | | |

And still we look at waxed floors to see ourselves seeing ourselves moving on as verbs do through well-lit nouns where the gleaming a promise of finding suggests aspaceformeaning, thesamepromisewemade to our-[broken]-selves & our in-[]-completes, our all for-[nothing]-gotten scattered gottens & our orphan

metaphors.

Hallelujah Bird

Metalwork, "Phoenix Catches Fire," by Morri Rasmussen Tin feathers razor praises unspoken phrases from dented tongues in dead intervals that rise unsung like the smokemetal grief of your song Hallelujah bird ten long feathers five on each wing bent triumphant intervals of a soul bursting joyful as flames Hallelujah bird nail the sun to the dented roof of my mouth corrugated like the ridges of your beak Hallelujah bird fanning out featherswhat is God but an interval of air between our fingers outstretched in hopes of redirecting gravity though it nails us to this pedestal fronting the museum in New Mexico.

THREE

Lillian Gish

A blank gray sidewalk that silently unreels: So this, so this is how forgotten feels.

Studio 64

Abandoned like things worn not in wear but frayed by time's fickle sense

of fashion.

Before the dance, I moved over spit-colored sidewalks, looking down, pushing through neon sighs in search of the luscious.

"They're Italian,"

she said. The leather, I thought, was coffee colored not black but creamy, mixed with crystal sweeteners from pink or blue paper satchets.

"How lovely-"

meaning her shoes—and a smile, meaning an exchange of numbers, of saliva, and later, perhaps, of giftwrapped remorse later returned for better fits

and new colors.

The voices were distorted by the bass droning in our ears—fading out like pulses overstimulated by snowdrifts on glass table tops.

Night diffused

with the scent. The vapor. The dance floor lit with the artificial colors of foldout fashion magazines—their sickly blossoms—their free samples

of fake fragrances.

What is *now* but a loss of *then*? And there we stood—petal-pressed—between the pages of a dance floor and ceiling filled with yesterday's

throwaway faces (such lovely dancing metaphors)

our eyes to the floor.

FOUR

Biblios Dei

In the glass libraries of God The covers can't snap shut On light, and shadows never sleep Between the pages.

In the glass libraries of God Letters curl like frosted vines In forgotten patterns between Lines of crystal veined calligraphy.

In the glass libraries of God Lamplight pools from stars, Cascades over shelves, And pours through the shining corridors

Of the glass libraries of God. Where we read no metaphors Nor iambic doubts that separate I am from I Am

In the glass libraries of God There are no introductions or conclusions— A rock drops down the mineshaft Without an echo—

Our eyes fall through the pages

To Elizabeth Bishop

Did you really let the fish go just like that - no questions asked, expecting us to accept it on anthological merit alone? But why no snapshots other than the ones you developed on Kodak stanzas in the portable darkroom of your mind? Did you think no one would see any correlation between fish stories and fish poems? It's my God-given right of creative license!---perhaps you thought—(looking at the fishing license in your open tackle box) or maybe major poets just live in nondescript worlds of their own making-odd watercolor places where words swim like fish and water creatures serve as the consummate symbols of great art. And what about the four or five hooks you claimed dangled from his serrated jaw like medals with frayed translucent ribbons? With such a prize beckoning, what kept you from slitting lengthwise down his stomach with a slick fish knife before wrenching out the entrails from his body, that paper birthday bag full of colorful surprises, revealing ribs like whitewashed rafters in an empty cathedral? Did you see something in those foil

packed eyes of the tacky wallpaper brown fish? The lake shattering sunlight as the rusted boat clanked an oar-lapped cadence filling up the world with Technicolor victory, and still, you let it go? Let it submerge the way one does when regrets surface their unblinking faces with their mouths scarred over, opening and closing their gills like a machine trying to breathe in nothing, revealed in the upper layer of the lake, looking up at us, leaving us nowhere to hide, not even behind our most beautiful descriptions?

The Golden Dictionary, 5th Ed. with Foreword by Jean-Paul Sartre:

All that I know about my life, it seems, I have learned in books.

Bottle

Not a question of empty or full but rather the way it holds or pours the contents

Black

(1) Goes well with everything, minus everything else

(2) Seeing unseen

Clock

The bottle tipping round the wall until empty

Fossils

A product with no target audience filling no immediate need that creates jobs for hosts of academics nonetheless

Hand

(1) The extremity from which bodies are hung on crosses

(2) (See Bottle)

Joy

When at last I find time

Neck

- (1) The medium of song
- (2) The elegance of bottles
- (3) The extremity from which bodies are suspended from scaffolds

Pen

A reviving IV for blanched pages

Piercing

- (1) Not enough of a process to justify suspending it with a gerund
- (2) (See Hand def. 1)
- (3) These trees the way—the way they are to mine eyes

Quiet

- (1) Hearing unheard
- (2) An alternative to fluorescent light

Resurrection

- (1) The reward for pain caused by holes
- (2) (See Piercing, def. 2)

Success

- (1) For many, when others lose theirs
- (2) Placing oneself under the clock as its bottle tips to six
- (3) *(See Joy)*

Tautological

The adjective form of *tautology*; a tautology is a tautological statement (See Tautology)

Tautology

The noun form of *tautological*; a tautological statement is a tautology (See Tautological)

Time

The space in which one longs for what one no longer has

White

- (1) The space in which space is space no longer
- (2) Unseen seeing

Words

(1) When guns lose their appeal

(2) More than less than

Yes

So soon...Leaving so soon?

Yesterday

- (1) Less than *day* more than *yes*
- (2) (See Hand, def. 2)

Zero

(0)

- (1) Where points the invisible hand of clocks
- (2) The sum of sums unsung
- (3) (See Foreword by Jean-Paul Sartre)

FIVE

In Places Where We Store Our Deaths

1.

Pried up the attic--floorboards and found (this poem) and а brown box set on coarse pink pads of insulation--as though the house had cracked open its chest to show heart-flesh packed between two-by-four ribs. Reached down--and felt empty inside fiberglass slivers left red welts on my wrists and hands as though you had cursed the spot where you dug secrets into a dusty wound little league pictures (saved for when you'd be famous) the letters to Lana (each alive except the last) that seashell you found (six hundred miles from the sea) -all lost now leaving dust, bent nails, and rafters; -an empty box meaning gone, gone, gone. Climbed back down the attic ladder, to the main floor deeper still to the cellar

dark

letter

hidden there

your secret

and found

2.

| under the stairs | S | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| | | you sai | id | |
| | they were calling | | | |
| through the ba | sement | they sa | from the roots id | |
| | | , | windows | |
| | the city | / lights | | |
| | | | looked stagnant | |
| | | | | as stars |
| | | you sai | id | |
| | their soft voice | es | | |
| | | | from the dirt floors | |
| were inviting | you said | | | |
| | like a streetlight's | | | |
| | | | upward reaching | for stars |
| in the closet | | | | 101 Stars |
| In the closet | | you sai | d | |
| | they whispered | - | u. | |
| | | | from the coatracks | |
| | | speakii | | |
| through the los | sses | 1 | in glass languages | |
| _ | that sh | ined | | |
| | | | the beginnings | |
| | | | | of black holes |
| | | you sai | id | |
| | the scout unife | orms | | |
| | | .1 . | on their hangers | |
| reminded you | that even small flames | | | |
| | small f | lames | would be noticed | |
| | | | would be noticed | when cone |
| on the suitcase | | | | when gone |
| on the suitease | | where | you stood | |
| | they had called | | you stood | |
| Come up here | | - | from the attic | |
| | | saying | | |
| | , с | . 0 | from the basement | |
| | to the grasping | | - | |
| | | | of dusty ropes then | |
| | the twisting star | | | |
| cut down | | | | |
| | from the rafter | S | 1'1 | |
| | | | like you were | |

3.

The empty fifth never of every cracked you thing and glass you are the cylinder lining the bottles fixed in your windowsill truck cylinder you are in your you the cracked fifth empty never and bottles cracked empty you are the lining in every fifth of your and the fixed you of never in every cracked empty thing you are the glass bottles cylinder of the fixed windowsill lining truck you never in every thing you are empty bottles the glass you are in every thing the empty glass bottles lining your windowsill and the cracked fifth cylinder of the truck you never fixed.

Ode to a Space Monkey

From gravity's talons you tore free, marring the sky with hydrogen bursts that traced your pillared path towards space. All the while from below they watched the rocket ascending imperforated by its trail of softly expanding feathers.

Perhaps in darkness

the clusters of pinhole stars created an astral refraction off the microsphere of your steaming helmet. Did fear fill up that glass orb with the echoes of your enginemuted screams?

Mission complete.

The shuttle returned to earth in a burning rebirth. Did you yearn for release from the reeling coffin capsule?

And then

in the instant before the parachute jammed or burned causing the shuttle's tip to strike the planet full force, did you imagine the hour of deliverance?

Did you see yourself clinging to bespectacled men in white lab coats, feeling safe at last in the arms of your lesser gods:

the ones

who let you die?

Memento Mori

On a park bench conspiring, two girls whisper over scuffed rollerblades and skinned

knees,

the same skin that stretches taut over those frail works wrought of skull and razor boned

faces.

Their flesh wraps tight around small frames reflecting the light's play on skinscape shadows

and hair

cropped just so. When it's just so with skin, hair and bone. When it's just so, we whisper a secret

beautiful

like little girls, unaware that skinned knees foreshadow that which awaits frail works, our delicate

faces.

Dead Starling

Did you drop your will to survive or was it unwillingly you fell into this gutter where the snow has melted clean down to the dirty shinbone of concrete? Now, you accumulate every polluted molecule. Crystals form on your feathers gray as black without resolve. I can't tell the difference between your feet and the twigs tangled in the nest of your matted breast. One wing visible, the other under you. I thought I saw your beak—dirty orange, but it was only an orphaned winter leaf. Hollow-boned you lie twisting this way and that. I confess, at first I mistook you for a plastic grocery bag pretending to be a dead bird. Somehow, it seemed more tragic than what you really are.

Questions to Man Who Listed His Soul on EBay

Item condition:-- Price: US \$2,000.00. Item number: 220673249408. Item location: Anchorage, Alaska; Ships to: United States, Item History: 0 offers

Is it cold out?

Are the thumbtacks coming loose that pin your brain against the corkboard of your skull?

Does your spit freeze-

Are you trapped and down to your last match in a hotdog factory outhouse?

—before it hits the ground?

Does your shadow fail to stick-even with soap?

Has she grown up—

Does your beloved refuse to thimble you though you proffered your shiniest kiss?

—without you?

Have the final rhinestones fallen from your matching doeskin gloves?

Do you wear them—

Are callouses shedding from your fingers like snakeskin?

-while hefting the weightless wait of tools?

Do elk seal their eyelids as the snowflakes touch down on wet pupils?

Can you blink—

Has the Trumpeter Swan sung her last song but refuses to die?

-with frozen eyelashes?

Did your italics draw the wrong inflection?

Was it the first time—

I'm sorry-was it merely tongue-touch-teeth and hiss?

-you asked her not to leave?

Did too late come too soon?

Or was nothing said at all—

The way a broken red sun slips

-before you watched the taillights trail away

into the winter solstice mountains?

• • •

I will ship anywhere for free. Thanks for looking, and please don't judge me.

Ballistics 101 and Other Laws We All Must Obey

Welcome to the mortuary. This brief tutorial is designed to answer any questions you may have (assuming it's your first time here) concerning the current state of your corpse. A quiz will follow, so please take notes of key concepts. Lesson one: even more so than with solids, gases must obey when metal point-A-to-B's through their hidden spaces. The oxygen and carbon dioxide, the nitrogen and the argon part ways for greater forces, which leads to lesson two: once the air has divided, the bullet then moves through the more densely woven carbon moleculesthe complicated matrix of a cotton exoskeleton of t-shirt, sweater or whatever, and from there, into the skin, which also makes room-politelyparting the crowd of outer skin cells, already dead, and the deeper tissues-not yet so-and divides so quickly the nerves won't even complain that metal has decided to tunnel its way to a point C. This brings us to lesson three: much can be learned about recent affairs abroad from your experience. For instance, the million members of the hemoglobin nations spread, waving flags on the sidewalk—the place where they found you lying before laying you out on this stainless steel slat-those red cells behaving like refugees trying to get their homeland's attention, screaming less loudly than the steel, "Take us back!" as the pressure (this is an informal

lesson four) that pumped blood up to the optic nerves dropped to the cheeks, everything went black once then (lesson five) a second time in a darker permanence because bullets (perhaps the most important thing to be learned) and their entourages are rarely spared the red carpet treatment we normally reserve for rock stars and illustrious politicians.

A Cynical Search Engine Asks

Did You Mean... Abstinence makes the heart go fawn her? Cut your throat to suit your coffin? Everyone wants to die but no one wants to go to heaven? Carpe Tweeedle Dee /Dum? He who lives by the *s*-word shall die by the *s*-word? Axes speak louder than words? The laborer is worthy of his oppression? Behind every great man there is a great *woe*? The way to a man's heart is through his sternum? Forgiveness is *for getting*? Another day, another meaningless fabricated symbol that signifies empty gold reserves? People who live in glass houses shouldn't *loaf about in the buff*? There's no *taste* in *accounting*? In the kingdom of the blind the one-eyed man has no depth perception? A nod's as good as a wink to blind *whores*? A woman's work is never Donne? The road to hell is paved with a well-packed base of rock-stuff and tar by a crew of seventeen orangeclad construction workers (sixteen of which are leaning on their shovels) while you do the digging? Our *fodder* which art in heaven? What doesn't kill you makes you stram?