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Bringing Behavior into Professional Learning Community Discussions

Gary Wall dgarywall@comcast.net

Paul Caldarella Paul_Caldarella@byu.edu

Lynnette Christensen lynnette_christensen@byu.edu

K. Richard Young Richard_Young@byu.edu

Pamela Hallam

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Bringing Behavior into Professional Learning Community Discussions

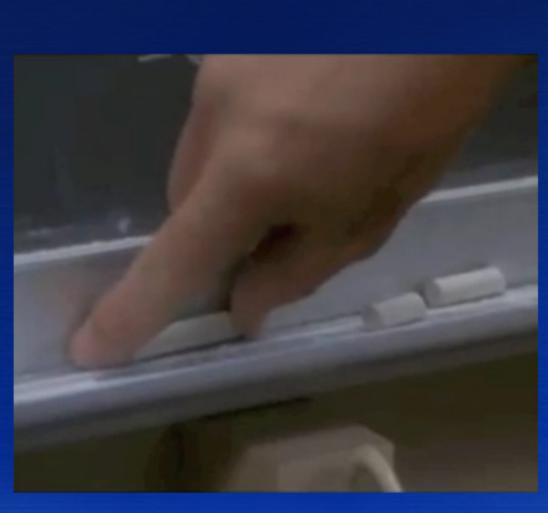


POSITIVE BEHAVIOR SUPPORT INITIATIVE

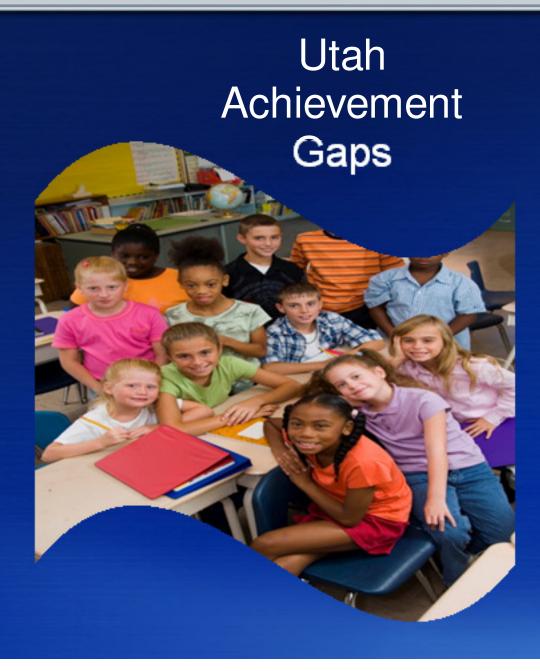
Walk the Peaceable Walk

D. Gary Wall, Ed.D. Lynnette Christensen, M.S. Paul Caldarella, Ph.D. K. Richard Young, Ph.D. Pamela R. Hallam, Ed.D.



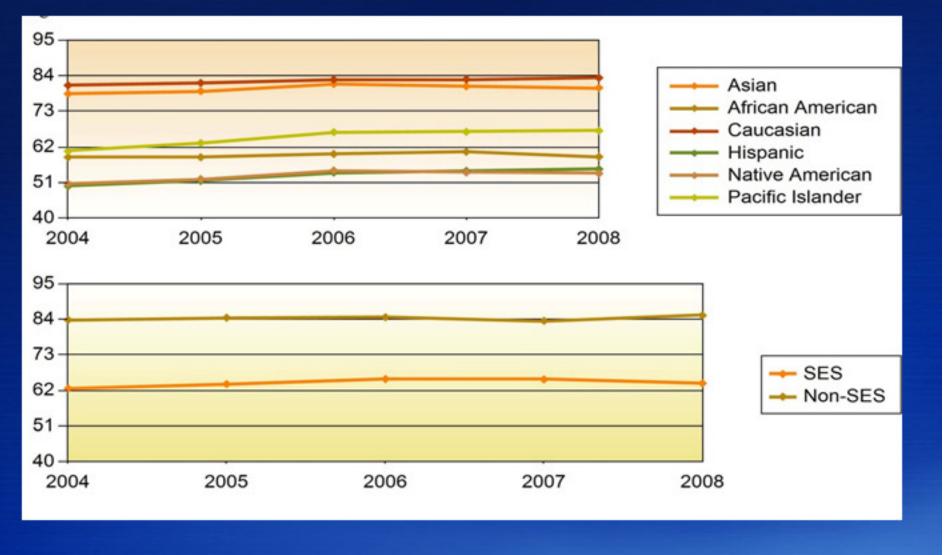








Utah State Language Arts CRT Results





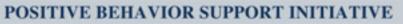
How far can *we* get this child if FAILURE is not an option?





Discussion

Do the actions of teachers make a difference on student achievement?



Prevention Plus Components

- Training in collaborative data-based decision making
- Screening to identify at-risk students
- Training in data systems



Three Participating Elementary Schools

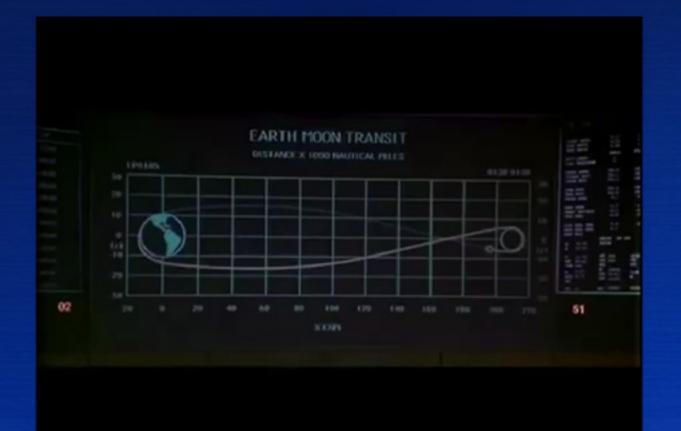
- Two Suburban
- One Rural



Rural Elementary

- 469 students
- 80% White
- 18% Hispanic
- 2% Other
- SES 37%







Collaboration

"The most promising strategy for sustained, substantive school improvement is developing the ability of school personnel to function as professional learning communities" -Richard DuFour





Characteristics of a Professional Learning Community

- Shared mission, vision, values, goals
- Collaborative teams FOCUSED ON LEARNING
- Collective inquiry into "best practices" and "current reality"
- Action orientation/experimentation
- Commitment to continuous improvement
- Results orientation

Key Values That Drive PLC Efforts

- Believe that learning is the fundamental purpose of school
- Cultivate a collaborative culture through development of high performing teams
- Seek relevant data and use that information to promote continuous improvement



Team Members Focus on Four Critical Questions

- 1. What do we want students to learn?
- 2. How will we know that they have learned it?
- 3. What will we do for students who did not learn it?
- 4. What will we do for students who already knew it or learned it quickly?



Collaboration Measurement

Need for Collaborative Assessment

- Summative Assessment
- Formative Assessment





Formative Assessment

- Formative Assessment of Collaborative Teams (FACT)
- Every two weeks by team member
- Every four weeks by coach, principal, or instructional coach



Preparation

- Protocols
- Action Plans
- Agenda
- Evidences
- Attendance



Collaboration

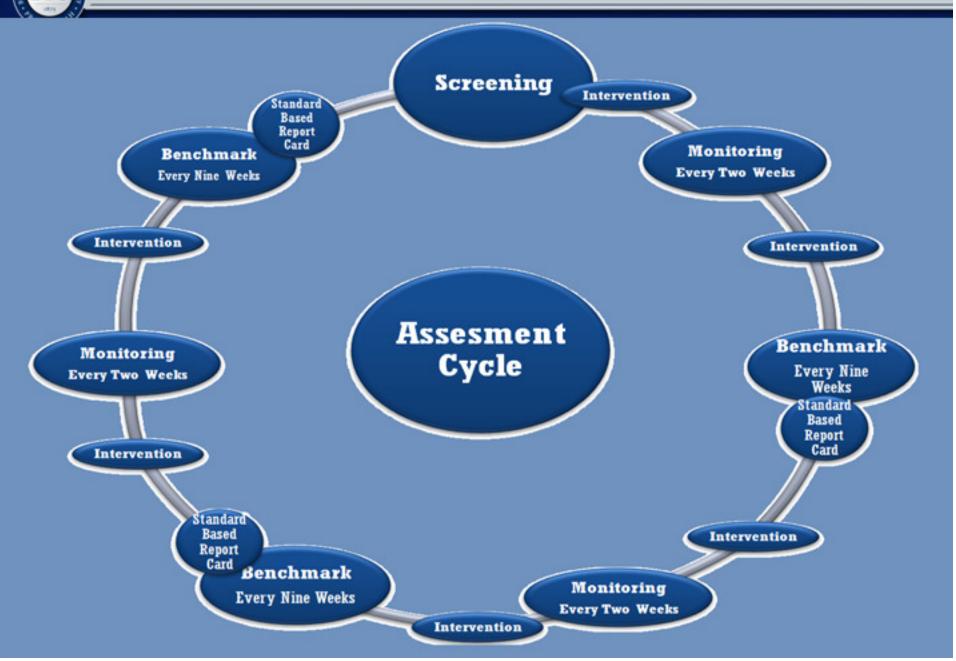
- Roles
- Participation
- Expertise
- Professionalism
- Productivity



Instruction Attributes

- Standards
- Instructional Strategies
- Assessment
- Screening
- Goals
- Data Analyses
- Interventions

BYU





CENTER FOR THE SCHOOL OF THE FUTURE

Preparation

Protocols – The collaborative team has <u>agreed upon</u> group rules of conduct ⁽¹⁾ (norms) and <u>roles</u> ⁽¹⁾ (e.g., facilitator, scribe, time keeper, etc.) that are regularly <u>rotated</u> ⁽¹⁾ among members.

Action Plans – Action plans are <u>available to team</u> members ⁽¹⁾ and cover <u>both academic and behavioral</u> ⁽²⁾ domains for <u>individual and eroup/erade</u> ⁽²⁾ interventions that are governed by <u>explicit and measurable goals</u>.

Agenda – A meeting agenda <u>was distributed</u> <u>prior to</u> <u>meeting-day</u> and had <u>all agreed upon elements</u> (prior meeting minutes; norms; assigned roles; etc) with all agenda items <u>aligned to FACT Instruction items</u>.

Evidences – Each collaborative team member has brought to the meeting <u>records</u> (e.g., grade-books, attendance sheets, computer files, etc.) and <u>graphic displays</u> (typically line graphs) that track progress outlined in the action plans for <u>individual</u> and <u>group/grade</u> interventions.

Attendance – Every member of the collaborative team is present, on time. prepared to be on-task. and the team keeps a record of attendance regularly reviewed by the school principal.

0 3 - Yes, this accurately describes our preparation/collaboration

2 - Almost, our preparation/collaboration is described by two or three of the underlined attributes

1 - Partially, our preparation/collaboration is described by only one of the underlined attributes

0 - No, our preparation/collaboration is not described by any of the underlined attributes

ollaboration

Roles – Every member of the collaborative team <u>carried out</u> their roles, [©] <u>completed tasks and responsibilities between</u> meetings [©] <u>described in the FACT Protocols</u>, [©] and the team was <u>cooperative</u> [©] as they carried out their roles.



Participation – Every member of the collaborative team made a <u>substantive contribution to the meeting dialogue</u>, [©] <u>often</u> <u>solicited opinions from team members</u>, [©] <u>gave due consideration</u> to dissenting/alternative opinions, [©] and <u>guestioned their own</u> <u>practice and engaged in self-reflection</u>.

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Expertise – Team members identified <u>evidence-based</u> practices.
Sought creative/innovative solutions
for classroom problems, found practical and resource-appropriate instructional strategies, and acted as or found mentors to support implementation of instructional decisions.

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	_

Professionalism – Every member of the collaborative team was genuinely <u>on-task</u>, <u>upbeat</u>, <u>followed the rules of</u> <u>conduct</u>, and <u>spoke respectfully of parents</u>, <u>students</u>, and other <u>staff members</u>.

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Productivity – The collaborative team set or reviewed <u>Action Plans</u> — making <u>data-based decisions by consensus</u> for both <u>academic and behavioral</u> — outcomes based on <u>FACT</u> <u>Evidences</u> —

Scoring

A collaboration between the Center for the School of the Future at Utah State University and the David O. McKay School of Education at Brigham Young University 🔍



FACT Tool Report

	12/15	03/02	03/09	03/16	04/13	04/20	04/27	1 st Grade
			Pre	ера	rati	on		
Attendance	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	Attendance
Agenda	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	Agenda
Roles	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	Roles
Action Plans	1	-	2	3	1	1	1	Action Plans
Evidences	1	3	1	3	2	2	2	Evidences
			Col	labo	orat	tior	ı	
Participation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	Participation
Expertise	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	Expertise
Professionalism	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	Professionalism
Roles	3	3	-	3	1	3	1	Roles
Productivity	1	-	2	3	3	2	2	Productivity

Prevention Plus Screening

- Training in academic and behavioral screening procedures.
- Implement a screening procedure that evaluates students and classifies students into Tier 3, Tier 2, and Tier 1.



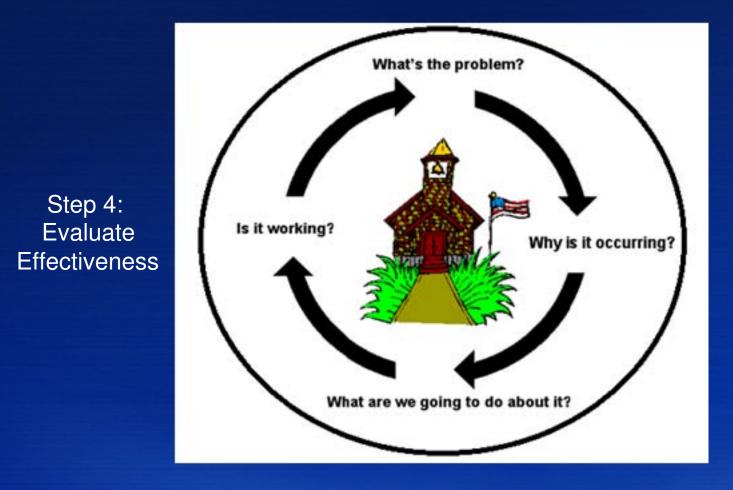
Designing School-Wide System for Student Success



From: http://wiki.updc.org/abc/



Step 1: Screen



Step 2: Group and Plan Instruction

Step 3: Implement and Monitor



FACT Screening

- Every teacher has identified students in greatest academic ...
- ...and behavioral need
- and has committed to providing them with an individualized...
- ... or group intervention.



- Systematic Screening for Behavior Disorders (SSBD; Walker & Severson, 1990)
 - Stage 1: Teachers nominate and rank order students from their classes with internalizing or externalizing behaviors.

Rank Ordering on Externalizing Dimension

Externalizing refers to all behavior problems that are directed outwardly, by the child, toward the external social environment. Externalizing behavior problems usually involve behavioral excesses, (i.e., too much behavior) and are considered inappropriate by teachers and other school personnel. Non-examples of externalizing behavior problems would include all forms of adaptive child behavior that are considered appropriate to the school setting.

Examples include:

- displaying aggression toward objects or persons,
- · arguing.
- · forcing the submission of others,
- · defying the teacher,
- · being out of seat,
- · not complying with teacher instructions or directives,
- · having tantrums,
- · being hyperactive.
- · disturbing others.
- · stealing, and
- not following teacher or school imposed rules.

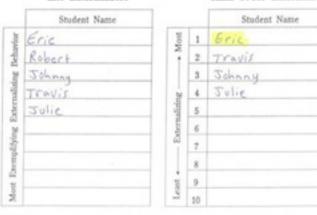
COLUMN ONE

List Externalizers

Non-Examples include:

- · cooperating, abaring,
- · working on assigned tasks,
- making assistance needs known in an appropriate manner,
- · listening to the teacher.
- · interacting in an appropriate manner with peers,
- · following directions,
- · attending to task, and
- · complying with teacher requests.

COLUMN TWO Rank Order Externalizers



Instructions:

- 1. Review the definition of externalizing behavior and then review a list of all students in your class.
- In Column One, enter the names of the ten students who characteristic behavior patterns most closely match the externalizing behavioral definition.
- In Column Two, rank order the students listed in Column One according to the degree or extent to which
 each exhibits externalizing behavior to the greatest degree is ranked first and so on until all 10 students are
 rank ordered.



SSBD Stage 2

- Rating of adaptive and maladaptive behaviors

SYSTEMATIC SCREENING FOR BEHAVIOR DISORDERS (SSBD) Combined Frequency Index for Adaptive and Maladaptive Behavior

Instructions: The numbers 1 through 5 are a continuous scale and are used to indicate your estimate of the frequency with which each item occurs for a given student. Circle a number between 1 and 5 to represent the frequency of a given item. Complete the scale in relation to your observations of the student during the part 30 days.

ADAPTIVE STUDENT BEHAVIOR

Never Sometimes Frequently

12	(1)	Follows established classroom rules.
123	(2)	Is considerate of the feelings of others.
123	(3)	Produces work of acceptable quality given her/his skil level.
12 (3)45	(4)	Gains peers' attention in an appropriate manner.
1.2345	(5)	Expresses anger appropriately, e.g., reacts to situation without being vislent or destructive.
12345	(6)	Cooperates with peers in group activities or situations
123	(7)	Makes assistance needs known in an appropriate man ner, e.g., asks to go to the bathroom, raises hand wher finished with work, asks for help with work, etc.
1(2)345	(8)	Is socially perceptive, e.g., "reads" social situations accurately.
123	(9)	Does sent-work assignments as directed.
1234	(10)	Compliments peers regarding their behavior or per- sonal attributes, e.g., appearance, special skills, etc.
1	(11)	Complies with teacher requests and commands.
123	(12)	Initiates positive social interactions with peers.
38		Total Adaptive Behavior Score

MALADAPTIVE STUDENT BEHAVIOR

Nexer 1....

(1.)

1

1 ...

1....

(1.)

1

1.4

1)

[1.]

Sometimes Frequently		
23()5	(1)	Requires punishment (or threat of same) before s'he will terminate an inappropriate activity or behavior.
2345	(2)	Refuses to participate in games and activities with other children at recess.
2(3)45	(3)	Behaves inappropriately in class when corrected, e.g., shouts back, defies the teacher, etc.
2)	(4)	Responds inappropriately when other children try to interact socially with her/him.
23	(5)	Child tests or challenges teacher-imposed limits, e.g., classroom rules.
2345	(6)	Uses coercive tactics to force the submission of peers; manipulates, threatens, etc.
2. (.3) 45	(7)	Creates a disturbance during class activities, e.g., is excessively noisy, bothers other students, out of seat, etc.
2)345	(8)	Manipulates other children and/or situations to get his/her own way.
2345	(9)	Is overly affectionate with others (peers and adults), e.g., touching, hugging, kissing, hanging on, etc.
2)345 (10)	Is excessively demanding, e.g., requires or demands too much individual attention.
2345 (11)	Pouts or sulks.
24		Total Maladaptive Behavior Score

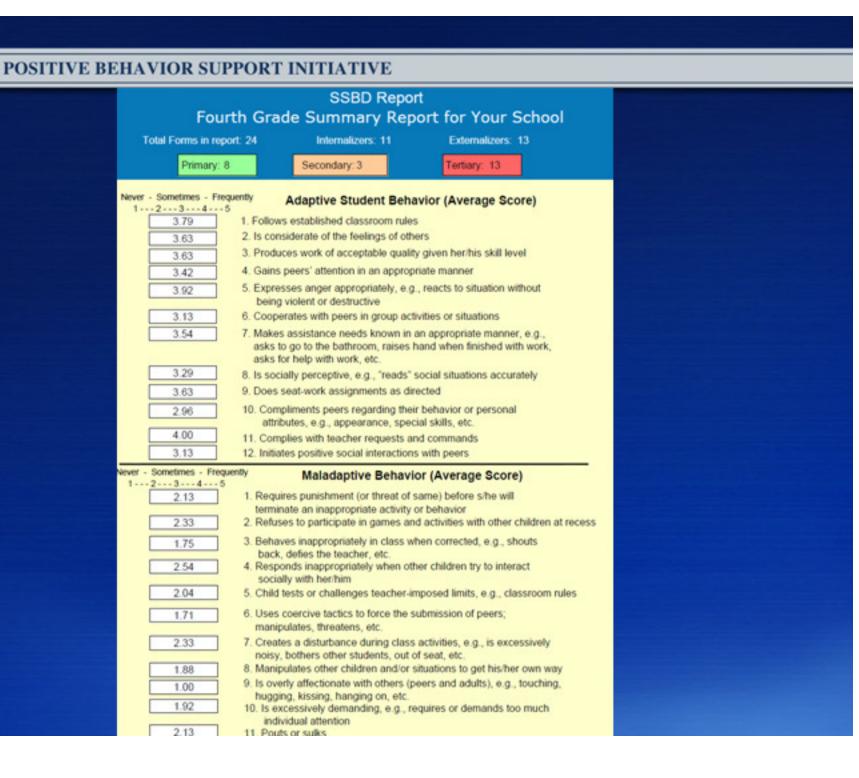


- SSBD Stage 2
 - Checklist of critical events
 - Internalizing and externalizing "red flag" behaviors

SYSTI	EMATIC SCREENING FOR BEHAVIOR DISORDERS (SSBD) SSBD Stage Two Rating for Externalizing Students
	Critical Events Index
	Teacher Mr. Jourg School Jour School Eric Sex M Grade 6+4
INSTRUC	Stage One SSBD Rank: A 1 2 or 3 FIONS: Check each bahavior from the list below that you are aware the student has ex- ng this school year.
1	Steals.
2	Sets fires.
3	Vomits after eating.
4	Has tantrums.
<u>X</u> 5	Physically assaults an adult.
6	Exhibits painful shyness.
7	Exhibits large weight loss or gain over past three months. (Significant weight fluctuation would be in excess of 20% change in body weight.)
8	Exhibits sad affect, depression and feelings of worthlessness to such an extent as to interfere with normal peer and classroom activities.
9.	Is physically aggressive with other students or adults (hits, bites, chokes, or throws things).
10.	Damages others' property (academic materials, damages personal posses- sions).
11.	Demonstrates obsessive-compulsive behaviors. (Student can't get his/her mind off certain thoughts or obsessions.)
12.	Reports having nightmares or significant sleep disturbances.
13.	Engages in inappropriate sexual behaviors (masturbation, exposes self).



		SSBD Repo	rt						
Fourth Grade Summary Report for Your School									
Total F	Total Forms in report: 24 Internalizers: 11 Externalizers: 13								
	Primary: 8 Secondary: 3 Tertiary: 13								
Percent of students with each Critical Events									
0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 8.3% 4.2% 29.2% 0.0% 33.3% 29.2% 20.8% 37.5% 8.3% 0.0% 8.3% 0.0% 8.3% 0.0% 25.0% 8.3% 0.0% 25.0% 37.5% 4.2% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 6.3% 50.0% 4.2% 0.0% 0.0% 50.0% 4.2% 0.0% 50.0% 8.3% 0.0% 50.0% 50.0% 8.3% 0.0% 50.0	Steals. Sets fires. Vomits after eating Has tantrums. Physically assaults Exhibits painful shy Exhibits large weig Exhibits sad affect Is physically aggre Damages others' p Damages others Damages others' p Damages others Damages	a an adult. yness. th loss or gain over past three, depression and feelings of w ssive with other students or a property (academic materials, essive-compulsive behaviors. thmares or significant sleep d opriate sexual behaviors (mas- ing, cutting or bruising self, he sly physically injure another u displays highly inappropriate a re headaches or other somati m self. Reports having suicida sorders or gets lost in own the amings or reprimands. scene gestures. f physical abuse. f drug use. ually abused. guage or swears. animals. of andior avoided by peers. icted activity levels. puate bladder control or bed w lequate bowel control). other children.	e months. (excess of 20% change) orthlessness (interfere w/ activities) duits (hits, bites, chokes, throws thing damages personal possessions). (can't get mind off certain thoughts) fisturbances. turbation, exposes self). ad banging). sing weapons or objects. affect in normal situations. c complaints such as stomach if thoughts or preoccupied w/ death oughts.						





SSBD Fourth Grade Summary Report for Your School Int Ext Student Name Grade Teacher CE Ad Mal Risk Level Critical Event Description ID Physically Aggressive, Ignores Teacher Warnings, Obscene 7435 4 Е Marshall 5 23 3 Tertiary 35 Gestures, Obscene Language, Teased, Marshall Е 9061 4 0 54 11 1 Primary 8771 57 11 1 Primary 4 L Hopkins 0 9711 4 Е Hopkins 0 54 23 1 Primary 8399 E 51 29 1 Primary 4 Hopkins 0 8350 Е 32 32 2 Secondary Damages Property, Ignores Teacher Warnings, Teased, 4 Hopkins 3 8331 Е 4 Hopkins 1 42 27 1 Primary Obsessive-compulsive behaviors, 8297 Hopkins 4 4 Т 51 15 3 Tertiary Painfully Shy, Sad Affect, Teased, Bladder Problems,

CE = Critical Events Ad = Adaptive Behavior Mal = Maladaptive Behavior



School Change in SSBD Tier levels Year 1

Pre: (67 total)

Tier 3	46	8%
Tier 2	21	3.7%
Tier 1	508	88.3%

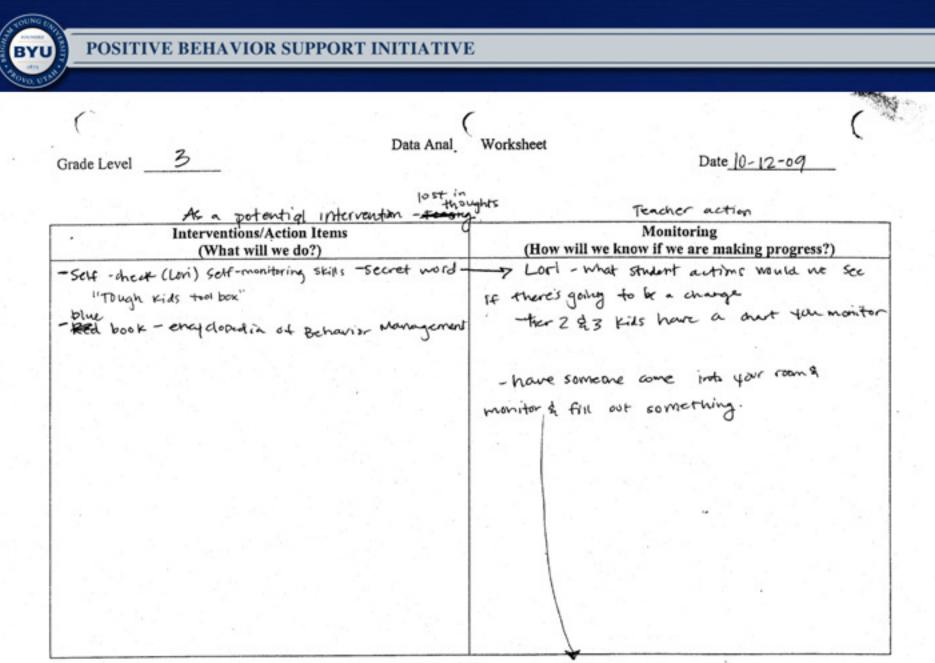
Post: (81 total)

Tier 3	56	9.4%
Tier 2	25	4.2%
Tier 1	494	86.4%



S. Data Analysis Worksheet Date 10-12-09 Grade Level Nanative Statemant No indocement alles **Reflections/Potential Interventions** Concerns Strengths (Possible Actions, See your Graphic (Narrative Statements) (Narrative Statements) **Organized Reading Analyzer**) There is one tertiary student There are 3 Scondary students in 3rd grade in 3rd grade. There are 9 Primary Risk +9 students are internalizers level students. 7 students are externalizers 4 of 72 students are tier 2 = 2. students are poinfully shy and ther 3 behavior students - 1 student is physically aggresite some students are teased. - is this bullying? Are they doing it more on the playgroune 5 students are labeled as being tonsed Focus on the behaviors that will take the barniers - to solve the problems Do this your own simuline in the on

2 week process.



Resources - outside observer



Individual Action Plan Form

audent	Date
Srade Level	
	Title 1, Speech, Read Rec., ESL, Wtrfrd, Imag. Learni
Reading Level F W S R	RT Score: Reading:Math:ORT Lang: CRT M_
Assessment Data:	
Support Resources Consulted: TAT to	eam GradeLevelTeam Parents
itaff Developer, Psychologist,	Counselor Inst. Coach
Anna Cantara Data Barra	Date: Reason:
Date: Reason:	Date:Reason:
Student Strengths	Area of Concern
Identify:	Academic
	Attendance
	Behavior
	Second Language
	Speech
tep 1: Areas of Concern:	
What does the area of concern look	like? How often does the concern occur? How long does the
concern last? What's the intensity of	of the concern? (any danger?)
oncern last? What's the intensity of Describe:	of the concern? (any danger?)
	of the concern? (any danger?)
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least
Describe:	
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	ress the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	Press the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	Press the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes Outcomes
Describe: Itep 2: List Interventions: What efforts have been used to add intervention # 1 Date	Press the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least Outcomes Outcomes



Sample Individual Action Plan

	RTI Form
Student: Conter	Date
Grade Level_/Set	Teacher Ande
Current Services: (Circle) Special Ed., Title 1,	(peech, Read Rec., ESL, Wtrfrd, Imag. Learning
Reading Level: F./_W_/ S	Reading:Math:CRT Lang: CRT M
Support Resources Consulted: TAT team Staff Developer, Psychologist/ Counselo	

Parent Contact: Date: <u>\$440</u> Reason: <u>Atton-weelly behaviors' splits</u> Date: <u>\$4100</u> Reason: <u>Atton</u> Date: <u>\$470</u> Reason: <u>plus</u> call_Date: <u>\$470</u> Reason: <u>letter</u> <u>plus</u>

Student Strengths	Area of Concern
icienter: Car bo kied, helpful, polite, eager to please	Academic Attendance Attendance Second Language Speech

Step 1: Areas of Concern: Ayakal approvise

What does the area of concern look like? How often does the concern cocur? How long does the concern last? What's the intensity of the concern? (any danger?)

> Describe: Contar is physically approxim. Frequency—wouldy daily, can be several times a day. Duration—short: Interaty—woingde whicking or fulling wother student's exem-purching and injuring center student. Sofety concern

Step 2: List Interventions:

What efforts have been used to address the area of concern? (Interventions should last at least 2 wks.)

Intervention #1 Date: Juny Jot 2	Outomes	
Poëtin reidforcenent—stoppe on chert for innedicte reword 10 stoppe = free tine in wother chevroon.	' Lover it. Stanpe are anothing be adde for all the time, in more ngatim there. Them don't decream behavior problem but mused for 10 stanpe is noticeting.	
Intervention # 2 Date: dury 1010	Outomes	
Nystin companyo-kwa charron/ co't be proved other Adaha	• Sort tern-god behavior	
Intervention #3 Date:_Gesi 2017	Outomes	
bleekly behavior reports home	Behavior still appressive, but less hereful appression has decreand consultat	

Seek Support as needed at any level: Recommendations:



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nstruction

Standards - Every teacher can trace an obvious connection between each classroom lesson and a component of an accepted core curriculum and that these connections are collaboratively evaluated.

Instructional Strategies - Instructional strategies for both academic C and behavior C management are modeled on evidence-based practices Cand modified in response to data.

Assessment - Every teacher uses common C formative assessments for both behavioral and academic standards. ⁽¹⁾ the latter aligned with an accepted core curriculum.

Screening - Every teacher has identified students in greatest. academic and behavioral need and has committed to providing them with an individualized or group intervention.

GOals - For each indentified student/group of students, C every teacher has written applicit academic and/or behavioral goals and has identified data which are collected ⁽¹⁾ to monitor student/group progress.

Data Analyses - Every teacher has data on each identified student/ group of students C organized in a table or graph C and designed to show status and progress C relative to goals.

Interventions - Every student or group of students who fail to meet an academic and/or behavioral goal is given additional time support until the goal is met.

Professional Development - Professional development is frequent enough and most often relevant to FACT Instruction items: teachers have a say in the "what" and "how often" of their professional development.

Scoring 3 - tes, this accurately describes our preparation/collaboration

- 2 Almost, our preparation/collaboration is described by two or three of the underlined attributes
- 1 Partially, our preparation/collaboration is described by only one of the underlined attributes.

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0 - No, our preparation/collaboration is not described by any of the underlined attributes

ssessment of Collaborative ormative This is the FACT tool. It is designed to help school instructional teams, often called Professional Learning Communities, strengthen their collaboration and, in turn, improve instruction. This tool is a collaborative behavior checklist, detailing the attributes of effective collaboration. It can be used for either self-monitoring or in tutorial capacity.

FACT is presented in four domains: Meeting focus, Preparation, Collaboration, and Instruction.

Start by selecting a Meeting Focus (Student Performance, Team Self-Evaluation, Professional Development, or Assessment/Instructional Development). More than one of these may apply. Next, score the attributes under Preparation, Collaboration, and instruction that apply to the chosen Meeting Focus. These are shown by the shaded triangles inside the square next to each attribute. Typically, Preparation attributes are scored at the beginning of the meeting, Collaboration attributes are scored at the end, and Instruction attributes are discussed during the meeting and scored by consensus.

Use FACT at least every other meeting. Scores should be based on actual current behavior (even though your intent might be good, you might have done things better before, or promise to do so in the future). This tool offers its highest value when accurate assessment is given.





	11/24	02/23	03/02	03/09	04/13	04/20	5 th Grade
		P	rep	ara	itio	n	
Attendance	3	3	3	3	3	3	Attendance
Agenda	2	3	1	1	1	1	Agenda
Roles	2	3	1	1	3	2	Roles
Action Plans	2	-	1	3	3	1	Action Plans
Evidences	1	3	1	3	2	1	Evidences
		Сс	olla	bor	atio	on	
Participation	3	3	3	3	3	3	Participation
Expertise	2	3	2	3	3	3	Expertise
Professionalism	2	3	2	3	3	3	Professionalism
Roles	3	3	1	1	3	3	Roles
Productivity	1		1	3	2	-	Productivity



Rural School CRT Data

Language Arts			Math				
Year	All	Hispanic	SES	Year	All	Hispanic	SES
2010	89%	79%	84%	2010	91 %	76%	85%
2009	79%	50%	59%	2009	78%	57%	62%
2008	83%	63%	72%	2008	85%	54%	62%



School Change in SSBD Tier levels

Pre: (33 total)

Tier 3	11	33%
Tier 2	22	66%

Post: (32 total)

Tier 3	6	18%
Tier 2	5	16%
Tier 1	21	66%

Post Individual Change

Tier 3 to 1	6
Tier 2 to 1	15
Tier 3 to 2	1
Tier 3 to 3 (Same)	4
Tier 2 to 2 (Same)	4
Tier 2 to 3	2



Third Grade SSBD Change in Tier levels

Tier 3 to 1	2
Tier 2 to 1	3
Tier 2 to 2 (Same)	1

Total: 6



Change in Tier for Student

	Pre	Post			
Academic					
DRA	24	70			
	Behavior SSB	D			
Tier	3	1			
Critical Events	7	1			
Maladaptive	29	11			
Adaptive	38	60			



Interventions

- Behavior
 - Regular parent meetings with teacher and counselor
 - Monthly social skills training with regular students.
 - Social skills training with other tier III students (same lesson)
 - 1 on 1 with Social Worker once per week



Interventions

- Academic
 - Literacy lessons within regular class and reading group 90 minutes per day
 - Two aligned literacy lessons with specific skills , 60 minutes per day.



Apollo 13 Splash down









Next Steps

New Study

- Designed to link both improved academic and behavioral performance of students to PLC movement.
- BYU training package is designed to improve and evaluate teacher collaboration
- Utilizes a wait list control design.
- Pre and post academic and behavioral data will be collected.



Contact Information

- D. Gary Wall
 - gary_wall@byu.edu
 - Lynette Christensen
 - lynette_christensen@byu.edu
- Paul Caldarella
 - paul_caldarella@byu.edu
- Pamela Hallam
 - pam_hallam@byu.edu

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